## **UNIVERSITAS NEGERI YOGYAKARTA**



FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY EDUCATION
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## **Bachelor of Education in Chemistry**

## **MODULE HANDBOOK**

Module name:	Natural Material Chemistry					
Module level, if applicable:	Undergraduate					
Code:	KMA 6207					
Sub-heading, if applicable:	-					
Classes, if applicable:	1					
Semester:	Odd					
Module coordinator:	Sukisman Purtadi, M.Pd.					
Lecturer(s):	Regina Tutik Padmaningrum, M.Si					
Language:	Bahasa Indonesia					
Classification within the curriculum:	Elective Course					
Teaching format / class hours per week during the semester:	Lectures: 100 minutes lectures, 120 minutes structured activities and 120 minutes individual study per week					
Workload:	Total workload of the activity is 136 hours per semester which consist of 100 minutes lectures, 120 minutes structured activities, 120 minutes individual study per week.					
Credit points:	2SKS (3.28 ECTS)					
Prerequisites course(s):	-					
Course Outcomes	After taking this course the students are expected to be able to:  CO1 Students show a responsible and independent attitude in completing the work given  CO2 Students are able to master theoretical concepts and analyze secondary metabolite compounds based on their basic framework and make biogenetic relationships of compounds found in one family  CO3 Students analyze the results of research on secondary metabolites from articles in the latest journal					
Content:	This course covers the classification, structure, nature, origin of biogenesis, biosynthesis, ways of isolation, and its identification which includes classes of terpenoid compounds, steroids, flavonoids, polyketides, polyphenols, alkaloids, as well as several examples of useful natural compounds, found in various families plant  1. Definition of natural material compounds, classification, structure, properties, origin of biogenesis, biosynthesis,  2. Insulation methods, and identification of natural material compounds  3. Characteristics of terpenoid and steroid compounds  4. Characteristics of flavonoid, polyacidide, polyphenol compounds  5. Characteristics of alkaloid group compounds  6. Characteristics of useful natural compound compounds					

formal branch 1 (f . 9)									
	found in various plant families								
Study/exam achievements:	Attitude assessment is carried out at each meeting by observation and / or self-assessment techniques using the assumption that basically every student has a good attitude. The student is given a value of very good or not good attitude if they show it significantly compared to other students in general. The result of attitude assessment is not a component of the final grades, but as one of the requirements to pass the course. Students will pass this course if at least they show a good attitude. The final mark will be weighted as follows:								
	No	СО	Assessment Object	Assessment Technique	Weight				
	1	CO1, CO2, CO3,	Assignments Activity Final Exam Midterm Exam	Presentation / written test	20% 20% 30% 30% 100%				
Forms of media:	Board and Board markers, LCD Projector, Laptop/Computer, Modules, Power Point Slides								
References:	<ul> <li>Harborne, J.B. (2006). Metode Fitokimia: Penuntun Cara Modern Menganalisis Tumbuhan (alih bahasa: Kosasih Padmawinata &amp; Iwang Soediro). Bandung: Penerbit ITB.</li> <li>Schaefer, B. 2015. Natural Products in The Chemical Industry: Springer</li> <li>Grabley R.T., (1999), Drug discovery from nature, Springer-Verlag, Berlin</li> <li>Sjamsul A.A. (1986). Buku Materi Pokok Kimia Organik Bahan Alam, Karunika, Jakarta, Universitas Terbuka</li> <li>Scientific Article on the International Journal: Phytochemistry; Organic chemistry; Natural product; etc</li> </ul>								

PLO and CO mapping

	PLO								
	Attitude		Knowledge	Specific Skill	General Skill				
	PLO1	PLO2	PLO3	PLO4	PLO5	PLO6			
CO1					V				
CO2			V						
CO3						V			